#### **EXETER MEMORIAL DISTRICT**

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### JUNE 30, 2020

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### EXETER MEMORIAL DISTRICT 2019-2020 AUDIT REPORT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis is intended to be an easily readable analysis of the Exeter Memorial District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. This analysis focuses on current year activities and should be read in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report found on pages 4-6 and the financial statements that follow.

The MD&A is intended to explain the significant changes in financial position and differences in operation between the current and prior years.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This report consists of the following three parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), Basic Financial Statements, and other Supplementary Information. The first two statements are condensed and present a government-wide view of the District's finances. Within this view, all District operations are categorized and reported as business-type activities. Business-type activities are activities that are supported by fees charged for goods or services.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

- The Statement of Net Position focuses on resources available for future operations. In simple terms, this statement presents a snap-shot view of the assets of the District, the liabilities it owes, and the net difference. The net difference is further separated into amounts restricted for specific purposes and unrestricted amounts. Business-type activities are reported on the accrual basis of accounting.
- The Statement of Activities identifies the District's revenues and expenses and summarizes and simplifies the user's analysis to determine the extent to which programs are self-supporting and/or subsidized by general revenues.
- The notes to the financial statements provide additional disclosures required by governmental accounting standards and provide information to assist the reader in understanding the District's financial condition.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

A condensed version of the Statements of Net Position as of June 30, follows:

	-	2020	2019
Assets	\$	1,013,141 \$	973,495
Current Liabilities	-	5,177	9,577
Net Position	\$ <sub>=</sub>	1,007,964 \$	963,918

### EXETER MEMORIAL DISTRICT 2019-2020 AUDIT REPORT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

A condensed version of the Statement of Activities for the years ended June 30, is as follows:

	_	2020	2019
Total Revenues	\$	330,812 \$	327,746
Total Expenditures	_	(286,766)	(254,267)
Excess Revenues Over Expenditures	\$_	44,046 \$	73,479

#### Capital Assets

At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the District had \$305,927 and \$264,525, respectively invested in capital assets, consisting primarily of structure and improvements and equipment.

	2020	_	2019
Land	\$ 1	\$	1
Structures and Improvements	974,363		900,238
Furniture and Fixtures	45,405		43,955
Maintenance Equipment	35,356		34,817
Kitchen Equipment	48,771		48,771
Total Capital Assets	1,103,896		1,027,782
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(797,969)	_	(763,257)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 305,927	\$_	264,525

During the year ended June 30, 2020 there were the following additions to capital assets:

Security Camaras	\$ 1,450
Hedgetrimmer	539
Kitchen Door	1,125
Asphalt Repairs	59,210
Landscape and Sprinkler Repair	1,700
Parking Lot Island Conduit	3,300
Parking Lot Water Backflow	8,790
	\$76,114

During the year ended June 30, 2020 there were no fixed asset disposals.

At year-end the District had no outstanding debt.

### EXETER MEMORIAL DISTRICT 2019-2020 AUDIT REPORT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Financial Contact**

The District's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors) with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the District's Board at P.O. Box 496, Exeter, CA 93221.



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

William D. Pine, CPA
Karen C. Pedroncelli, CPA
Gamaliel 'Gil' Aguilar, CPA

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Consultant Vern R. Onstine, CPA Richard J. Artis II, CPA

Exeter, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Exeter Memorial District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the

#### Auditor's Responsibility

To the Board of Directors of Exeter Memorial District

table of contents.

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of Exeter Memorial District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 1-3 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Exeter Memorial District's basic financial statements. The Budget vs. Actual Schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Budget vs. Actual Schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budget vs. Actual Schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 20, 2020, on our consideration of Exeter Memorial District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provision of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Exeter Memorial District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pine, Reasoncelli & Reguilon, On C Visalia, California October 20, 2020

#### EXETER MEMORIAL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

#### **ASSETS**

CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash in County Treasury	\$	691,786
Employee Receivable		396
Prepaid Insurance		15,031
Total Current Assets		707,213
NON CURRENT ASSETS		
Capital Assets:		
Nondepreciable		1
Depreciable, Net		305,927
Net Property and Equipment	_	305,928
TOTAL ASSETS		1,013,141
	_	.,
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		890
Accrued Vacation		3,909
Accrued Payroll	_	378
TOTAL LIADUITIES		E 477
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	5,177
NET POSITION		
Net Invesment in Capital Assets		305,928
Unrestricted Net Position:		
Unrestricted, Board Designated - Capital Investment		105,099
Undesignated	_	596,937
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$_	1,007,964

#### EXETER MEMORIAL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Operating Revenues:	
Facilities Rental	\$ 21,453
Total Operating Revenues	21,453
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries and Wages	88,029
Employee Benefits	47,578
Payroll Taxes	7,235
Communications	2,149
Supplies	11,036
Insurance	9,108
Repairs and Maintenance for Equipment	1,975
Repairs and Maintenance for Building and Improvements	13,636
Memberships	2,148
Office Expense	2,006
Professional Services	17,562
Small Tools	2,144
Publications and Legal Notices	308
Administration Fees	6,853
Travel Expense	720
Utilities	39,568
Depreciation Expense	34,711
Total Operating Expenses	286,766
Operating Loss	(265,313)

#### EXETER MEMORIAL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Nonoperating Revenues:		
Property Taxes	\$	291,273
Investment Income		17,115
Other Revenue	_	971
Nonoperating Revenues	_	309,359
Change in Net Position		44,046
NET POSITION, Beginning of the Year	_	963,918
NET POSITION, End of the Year	\$_	1,007,964

#### EXETER MEMORIAL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Change in Net Position       \$ 44,046         Adjustments to Reconcile Change in Net Position to       34,711         Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities:       34,711         Increase in Operating Assets:       (5,758)         Prepaid Expenses       (5,758)         Decrease in Operating Liabilities:       (2,892)         Accounts Payable       (2,892)         Accrued Payroll Taxes       (1,508)         Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities       68,599         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:       (76,114)         Net Cash Used by Investing Activities       (76,114)         Net Decrease in Cash       (7,515)         Cash - Beginning of Year       699,301         CASH - END OF YEAR       \$ 691,786	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities:       34,711         Depreciation       34,711         Increase in Operating Assets:       (5,758)         Prepaid Expenses       (5,758)         Decrease in Operating Liabilities:       (2,892)         Accounts Payable       (2,892)         Accrued Payroll Taxes       (1,508)         Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities       68,599         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:       (76,114)         Acquisition of Equipment       (76,114)         Net Cash Used by Investing Activities       (76,114)         Net Decrease in Cash       (7,515)         Cash - Beginning of Year       699,301	•	\$	44,046
Depreciation       34,711         Increase in Operating Assets:       (5,758)         Prepaid Expenses       (5,758)         Decrease in Operating Liabilities:       (2,892)         Accounts Payable       (2,892)         Accrued Payroll Taxes       (1,508)         Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities       68,599         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:       (76,114)         Acquisition of Equipment       (76,114)         Net Cash Used by Investing Activities       (76,114)         Net Decrease in Cash       (7,515)         Cash - Beginning of Year       699,301	·		
Increase in Operating Assets: Prepaid Expenses (5,758)  Decrease in Operating Liabilities: Accounts Payable (2,892) Accrued Payroll Taxes (1,508)  Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 68,599  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of Equipment (76,114)  Net Cash Used by Investing Activities (76,114)  Net Decrease in Cash (7,515)  Cash - Beginning of Year 699,301			04744
Prepaid Expenses Decrease in Operating Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll Taxes  Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of Equipment  Net Cash Used by Investing Activities  (76,114)  Net Decrease in Cash  Cash - Beginning of Year  (5,758)  (2,892) (1,508)  (1,508)  (76,519)  (76,114)	,		34,711
Decrease in Operating Liabilities:     Accounts Payable (2,892)     Accrued Payroll Taxes (1,508)  Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 68,599  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:     Acquisition of Equipment (76,114)  Net Cash Used by Investing Activities (76,114)  Net Decrease in Cash (7,515)  Cash - Beginning of Year 699,301	•		/E 7E0\
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Accrued Payroll Taxes (1,508)  Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 68,599  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of Equipment (76,114)  Net Cash Used by Investing Activities (76,114)  Net Decrease in Cash (7,515)  Cash - Beginning of Year 699,301	•		(2.002)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 68,599  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:     Acquisition of Equipment (76,114)  Net Cash Used by Investing Activities (76,114)  Net Decrease in Cash (7,515)  Cash - Beginning of Year 699,301	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		• • •
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of Equipment (76,114)  Net Cash Used by Investing Activities (76,114)  Net Decrease in Cash (7,515)  Cash - Beginning of Year 699,301	Accrued Payroll Taxes	-	(1,508)
Acquisition of Equipment (76,114)  Net Cash Used by Investing Activities (76,114)  Net Decrease in Cash (7,515)  Cash - Beginning of Year 699,301	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		68,599
Acquisition of Equipment (76,114)  Net Cash Used by Investing Activities (76,114)  Net Decrease in Cash (7,515)  Cash - Beginning of Year 699,301	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities (76,114)  Net Decrease in Cash (7,515)  Cash - Beginning of Year 699,301			(76,114)
Net Decrease in Cash (7,515)  Cash - Beginning of Year 699,301	, toquiomon or aquipmont		(* - , * - · /
Cash - Beginning of Year 699,301	Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	_	(76,114)
Cash - Beginning of Year 699,301			
	Net Decrease in Cash		(7,515)
<b>CASH - END OF YEAR</b> \$ 691,786	Cash - Beginning of Year		699,301
<b>CASH - END OF YEAR</b> \$ 691,786			
	CASH - END OF YEAR	\$_	691,786

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Organization of the District

Exeter Memorial District (the District) is a California Special District organized to maintain a building for military veterans organizations. It was formed in 1953 and the building was completed in 1954.

#### Reporting Entity

The District's basic financial statements include the accounts of all of its operations. The District evaluated whether any other entity should be included in these financial statements. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in its name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District
- exclusion of the organization would render the financial statements incomplete or misleading

Based on these criteria, the District has no component units. Additionally, the District is not a component unit of any other reporting entity as defined by the GASB statements.

#### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts of the District and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The accrual basis of accounting is required for proprietary fund types and is utilized by the District. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred.

This report has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District applies all Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements.

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

By state law, the District's governing board must approve a tentative budget no later than July 1 and adopt a final budget no later than September 15. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's governing board satisfied these requirements.

The budget is revised by the District's governing board during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures. This was not considered necessary during the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Cash Equivalents and Investments

The District considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted cash and investments) with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. This includes bank accounts and deposits with the County of Tulare ("County").

The County is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Section 5648 et seq. The funds maintained by the County are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

Information regarding the amount of dollars invested in derivatives with Tulare County Treasury indicates that the amount was less than 1% for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The District maintains all its cash in the Tulare County Treasury. The county pools these funds with those of other districts in the county and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost, which approximates market value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

The county is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Section 53648 et seq. The funds maintained by the county are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost or estimated historical cost if historical records are not available. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair value at the time received. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expenses as incurred and improvements and renewals are capitalized.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset amounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lies or capital assets are reported as follows:

	Capitalization <u>Threshold</u>	Depreciation <u>Method</u>	Estimated <u>Useful Life</u>
Land	All	N/A	N/A
Structures and Improvements	\$ 1,000	Straight-Line	10 - 40
Equipment	\$ 500	Straight-Line	5 - 25

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amount reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Accumulated Vacation**

Employees earn vacation benefits based on the number of years of service with the District ranging from 40 hours to 120 hours with a maximum accrual allowed up to 80 hours. Accrued vacation has been provided based upon each employee's unused vacation at June 30, 2020, at the employees' current rate of pay.

#### **Net Position**

Net position comprise the various net earnings from operating income, non-operating revenues and expenses and capital contributions. Net position are classified in the following three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted - This component of net position consists of constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

#### **Property Tax**

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the County up to 1% of the assessed value, plus other increases approved by the voters. The property taxes go into a pool and are allocated to the District based on formulas, which were established by the County of Tulare and the cities and districts within the County. The property tax calendar for the District is as follows:

Lien Date January 1

Levy Date

July 1 through June 30

Due Dates

November 1 and February 1

Collection Dates

December 10 and April 10

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available to finance current liabilities. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are assessed on January 1 lien date and become delinquent if unpaid on September 30.

#### Management's Review

In preparing these financial statements, the District has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through October 20, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### 2. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2020 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Pooled Funds:
Cash in County Treasury Investment Fund \$ 691,786

The District's cash in the Tulare County Treasury is pooled with other entities and invested in several types of investments. The total of Tulare County Investments as of June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Credit Rating	Book Value	% of Portfolio
AAA	85,102,813	5%
A-1+/A-1(Short-Term Rating)	183,001,823	11%
AA	877,282,016	55%
A	294,581,023	18%
BBB**	15,829,438	1%
Not Rated ***	98,338,233	6%
Cash****	49,826,594	3%
Total Portfolio	1,603,961,940	100%

Average weighted credit rating was calculated using S&P ratings. Cash/overnight securities were not included in the calculation.

#### Investments Authorized by the District's Investment Policy

The District's Investment Policy only authorizes investment in the local government investment pool administered by the County of Tulare, California and time certificates of deposit. The District's investment policy does not contain any specific provisions intended to limit the District's exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Securities rated in the BBB category by S&P are rated A- or the equivalent or better by at least one NRSRO or were rated A- or the equivalent or better by at least one NRSRO at time of purchase. \*\*\*The portion of the portfolio in the amount of \$74,315,432 that is invested in LAIF, the State of California pooled investment fund, is not rated. The remaining portion not rated comprises individual securites with ratings of A- or the equivalent or better by at least one NRSRO.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>Fully collateralized in accordance with California government code.

#### 2. Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As of June 30, 2020, the weighted average maturity of the investments contained in the County of Tulare investment pool is approximately 784 days.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the maturity date of each investment.

Investment Type	-	Amount	Maturity Days
County Investment Pool	\$	691,786	784

#### Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County of Tulare Investment Pool does not have a rating provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the County contains a limitation on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. There are no investments in any one issuer that represents more than 7.1% of Total County's investments.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institutions, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the County's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies.

The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in possession of another party. The California Government Code and the County's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

#### 2. Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### **Investment in State Investment Pool**

The County is a voluntary participant in the State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported at amounts based upon the County's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

The Tulare County Treasury is authorized to invest in the following:

A listing of the securities owned by the Tulare County as of June 30, 2020 is shown below:

_	Portfolio Composition				% Permitted
_	Book Value		Market Value	% of Portfolio	by Policy
U.S. Treasuries \$	426,131,477	\$	447,421,109	27%	100%
Federal Agencies	325,886,266		333,198,067	20%	75%
Agency Mortgage Backed Securites	53,253,590		54,223,168	3%	75%
U.S. Instrumentalities- Supernationals	26,054,304		26,919,311	2%	30%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	139,523,004		141,102,771	9%	30%
Corporate Bonds and Notes	334,464,805		344,716,693	21%	30%
Municipal Obligations	30,754,803		31,177,982	2%	30%
Asset Backed Securities	39,886,411		40,598,264	2%	20%
Commercial Paper	74,911,575		74,986,850	5%	40%
Local Agency Investment Fund	74,315,432		74,315,432	5%	\$75 Million
CAMP	28,940,672		28,940,672	2%	50%
Money Market Funds	13,007		13,007	<1%	15%
Money Market Accounts	47,486,797		47,486,797	3%	50%
Cash _	2,339,797		2,339,797	<1%	100%
\$_	1,603,961,940	\$_	1,647,439,919	100%	

All cash is payable to the District upon demand. Exeter Memorial District's portion of pooled funds at June 30, 2020 was \$691,786.

#### 3. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets as of June 30, 2020:

		Balance 7/1/2019	_	Additions		Deletions	Balance 6/30/2020
Nondepreciable Capital Assets: Land	\$_	1	_\$_	_	\$_	\$	1
Depreciable Capital Assets:							
Structures and Improvements		900,238		74,125		-	974,363
Furniture and Fixtures		43,955		1,450		-	45,405
Maintenance Equipment		34,817		539		-	35,356
Kitchen Equipment		48,771	_	-		<u> </u>	48,771
Total Depreciable Capital							
Assets		1,027,781		76,114		<u> </u>	1,103,895
Less Accumulated Depreciation							
Structures and Improvements		661,755		27,716		-	689,471
Furniture and Fixtures		36,378		2,296		-	38,674
Maintenance Equipment		24,352		1,881		-	26,233
Kitchen Equipment		40,772		2,818	. <u> </u>	-	43,590
Total Accumulated							
Depreciation		763,257		34,711			797,968
Net Depreciable Capital							
Assets		264,524		41,403			305,927
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	264,525	\$_	41,403	\$	\$	305,928

#### 4. Retirement Plan

The District makes contributions to each eligible employees' Simplified Employee Pension (SEP) plan account. The amount of the contribution is based on management's discretion and is limited to a maximum of 25% of covered compensation. The employees are 100% vested. The District contributed 16% of qualified salary expenditures to the plan.

The District contribution information for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

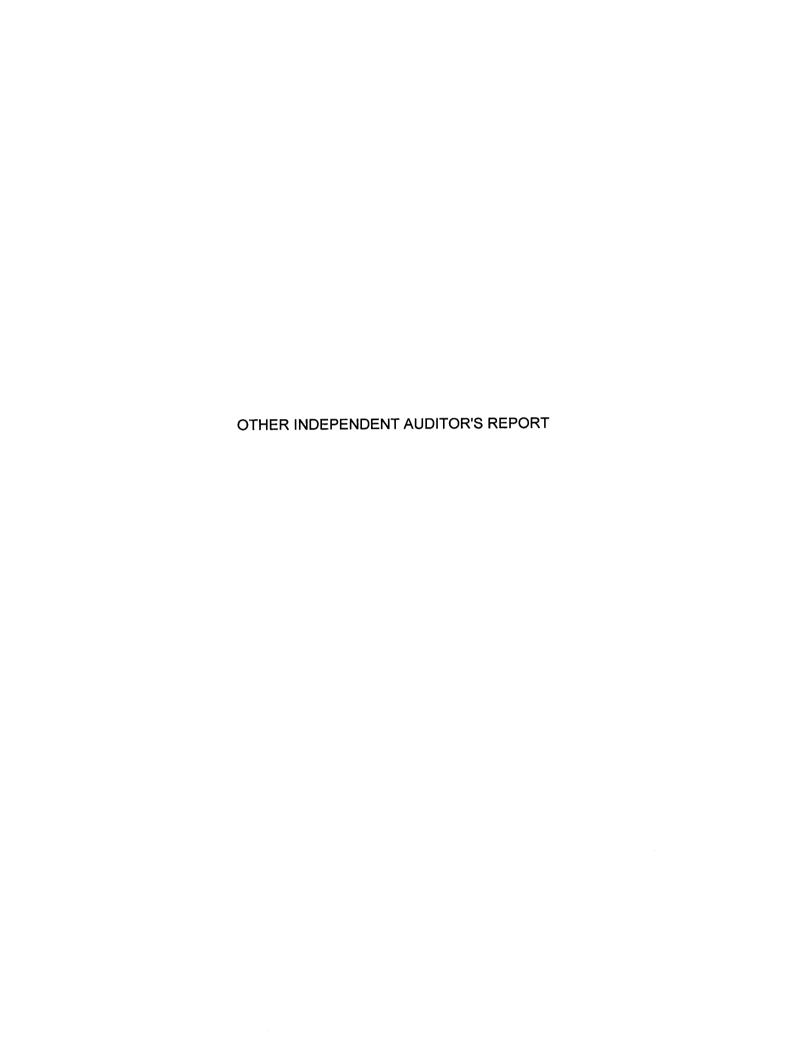
	Number of	f	Total	Total		
	Employees Covered	s 	Employer Contribution	Qualified Salary		
6/30/2020	2	\$_	6,244 \$	41,033		

#### 5. Risk Management

The District has purchased commercial insurance policies for various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage or destruction of assets; wrongful acts; injuries to employees; and employee health and life. Payments of premiums for these policies are recorded as expenses of the District. Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years. There are no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior years.

#### 6. Litigation

The District was a defendent in two lawsuits involving former employees. One was settled with prejudice and the insurance company covered the cost of the settlement. The other was dismissed without prejudice. The attorney representing the District in both cases was provided by the District's insurance company and the cost of fees were covered by the District's insurance.





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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Exeter Memorial District Exeter, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Exeter Memorial District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Exeter Memorial District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 20, 2020.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Exeter Memorial Districts' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Exeter Memorial District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Exeter Memorial District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Exeter Memorial District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Per Pedroncelli & Aguila, Dnc Visalia, California October 20, 2020

#### OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information that is required by other entities.

#### EXETER MEMORIAL DISTRICT BUDGET VS ACTUAL SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Original/				Variance
		Final				Favorable
	_	Budget		Actual		(Unfavorable)
Revenue						
Property Taxes	\$	248,600	\$	291,273	\$	42,673
Intergovernmental Revenue	Ψ	1,100	Ψ	201,270	•	(1,100)
Interest		11,800		17,115		5,315
Rent		28,000		21,453		(6,547)
In Kind Donations				,		-
Other Income	_	100		971		871
Total Davison		000 000	-	000.040		11.010
Total Revenue	-	289,600	•	330,812		41,212
<b>Expenditures</b>						
Salaries and Wages		119,000		88,029		30,971
Employee Benefits		60,000		47,578		12,422
Payroll Taxes		11,000		7,235		3,765
Worker's Compensation		18,000		-		18,000
Agriculture		8,000		-		8,000
Communications		3,000		2,149		851
Depreciation Expense		-		34,711		(34,711)
Household Supplies		20,000		11,036		8,964
Insurance		20,000		9,108		10,892
Maintenance - Equipment		45,000		1,975		43,025
Maintenance - Buildings and Improvements		140,000		13,636		126,364
Memberships		3,000		2,148		852
Miscellaneous		2,000		_		2,000
Office Expenses		4,000		2,006		1,994
Outside Services		20,000		-		20,000
Professional Services		28,000		17,562		10,438
Publications		1,000		308		692
Rents and Leases Equipment		3,000		-		3,000
Small Tools		2,000		2,144		(144)
Special Expense		5,000		-		5,000
Tax Administrative Fee		7,000		6,853		147
Transportation and Travel		1,000		720		280
Utilities	_	48,000	-	39,568		8,432
Total Expenditures	_	568,000	_	286,766		281,234

#### EXETER MEMORIAL DISTRICT BUDGET VS ACTUAL SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original/ Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ <u>(278,400)</u> \$	44,046	\$ 322,446
Net Position, Beginning of Year		963,918	
Net Position, End of Year	\$_	1,007,964	